

Ministry of Health and Family Welfare Government of India

District Level Household and Facility Survey under Reproductive and Child Health Project (DLHS-3)

District Fact Sheet

2007-08



Bihar Bhojpur



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About DLHS - 3:

The District Level Household Survey (DLHS) was initiated in 1997 with a view to assess the utilization of services provided by government health care facilities and people's perception about the quality of services. The District Level Household Survey (DLHS -3) is the third in the series of district surveys, preceded by DLHS-1 in 1998-99 and DLHS-2 in 2002-04. As in DLHS-3, the International Institute for Population Sciences (IIPS) was the nodal agency to conduct DLHS-1 and DLHS-2. DLHS-3, like other two earlier rounds, is designed to provide estimates on important indicators on maternal and child health, family planning and other reproductive health services. In addition, DLHS-3 provides information on important interventions of National Rural Health Mission (NRHM). Unlike other two rounds in which only currently married women age 15-44 years were interviewed, DLHS -3 interviewed ever-married women (age 15-49) and never married women (age 15-24).

The sample size among the districts in the country varies according to their performance in terms of Ante-Natal Care (ANC), institutional delivery, immunization, etc. and it was fixed based on information related to such indicators from DLHS-2. For low performing districts, 1500 Households (HHs), for medium performing districts, 1200 HHs and for good performing districts, 1000 HHs were fixed as sample size. In case of Bhojpur, sample size was 1000 households with 10% additional HHs to take care of non-response/refusal, etc.

The survey used two-stage stratified random sampling in rural and three-stage stratified sampling in urban areas of each district. The information from 2001 Census was used as sampling frame for selecting primary sampling units (PSUs). In rural areas, all the villages in the district were stratified into different strata based on population /HH size, percentage of SC/ST population, female literacy (7+), etc. The required number of villages from each strata was selected with probability proportional to size (PPS). In selected primary sampling units (villages), household listing was done and required numbers of households were selected using systematic random sampling.

For larger villages (more than 300 HHs) segmentation was carried out. In case of 300 to 600 HHs, two segments of equal size were made and one was selected using PPS. For PSUs having more than 600 HHs, segments of 150 HHs were created depending on the size and then two segments were selected using PPS. In case of urban areas, number of wards were selected using PPS at first stage. In a selected ward, one enumeration block from 2001 census was selected again using PPS. Procedure for segmentation, household selection, etc, was same as in the case of rural PSUs.

The uniform bilingual questionnaires, both in English and in local language, were used in DLHS-3 viz., Household, Ever Married Women (age 15-49), Unmarried Women (age 15-24), Village and Health facility questionnaires.

In the household questionnaire, information on all members of the household and the socio-economic characteristics of the household, assets possessed, number of marriages to usual members of the household since January 2004 and deaths in the household since January 2004 etc. was collected. In case of female deaths, attempts were made to assess maternal death. The household questionnaire also collected information on respondent's knowledge (seen/read/ heard) about messages related to various government health programmes being spread through media and other sources.

The ever married women's questionnaire consisted of sections on women's characteristics, maternal care, immunization and child care, contraception and fertility preferences, reproductive health including knowledge about HIV/AIDS.

The unmarried women's questionnaire contained information on her characteristics, family life education and age at marriage, reproductive health-knowledge and awareness about contraception, HIV / AIDS, etc.

The village questionnaire contained information on availability of health, education and other facilities in the village and whether the health facilities are accessible throughout the year.

For the first time, population-linked facility survey has been conducted in DLHS-3. In a district, all Community Health Centres (CHCs) and District Hospital (DH) were covered. Further, all Subcentres (SC) and Primary Health Centres (PHC) which were expected to serve the population of the selected PSU were also covered. There were separate questionnaires for SC, PHC, CHC and DH. They broadly include questions on infrastructure, human resources, supply of drugs & instruments, and performance.

Note:

DLHS-2: information is based on data collected from currently married women 15-44 years.

DLHS-3: information is based on data collected from ever married women 15-49 years.

DLHS-2: In total percentage is adjusted for indicators considering over sampling of urban PSUs in DLHS-2. This adjustment is done in those districts where urban percentage is less than 30.

DLHS-2: includes tap (inside residence/yard/plot), tap (shared/public), hand pump/borewell, well-covered.

DLHS-3: includes pipe into dwelling, piped to yard/plot, public tap/standpipe.

Unmet need for spacing

Unmet need for spacing includes the proportion of currently married women who are neither in menopause or had hysterectomy nor are currently pregnant and who want more children after two years or later and are currently not using any family planning method. The women who are not sure about whether and when to have next child are also included in unmet need for spacing.

Unmet need for limiting

Unmet need for limiting includes the proportion of currently married women who are neither in menopause or had hysterectomy nor are currently pregnant and do not want any more children but are currently not using any family planning method.

Unmet need

Unmet need refers to unmet need for limiting and spacing.

Correct knowledge of HIV/AIDS

The women who heard about HIV/AIDS and have correct knowledge about transmission of HIV/AIDS and knowledge of prevention from HIV/AIDS.

District Indicators, Bhojpur, (2001 Census)				71	
Indicators			Cen	sus 2001	
Population (in thousands)				2233	
Decadal Growth Rate (1991-01)				24.6	
Sex Ratio*	Sex Ratio*			900	
Percent Urban population				13.9	
Percent SC population				14.4	
Percent ST population				0.3	
Female Literacy Rate (7 years and above)				42.8	
Male Literacy Rate (7 years and above)				74.8	
Sample outcome, DLHS -3, 2007-08					
Category		No. cover	ed Resp	onse Rate	
Households (45.40		1025		93.4	
Ever Married Women (15-49 years)		1253		86.1	
Unmarried Women (15-24 years)		220 36		84.6	
Sub Centres (SC) Primary Health Centres (P H C)		17		100.0	
Community Health Centres (C H C)		1		100.0 50.0	
District Hospital (D H)		1		100.0	
Population and Household Characteristics, 200'	7-08			100.0	
Topulation and Trodochold Onardecensizes, 200		IS - 3	DLF	IS - 2	
Background Characteristics	Total	Rural	Total	Rural	
Percent total literate Population (Age 7 +)	66.5	65.5	-	_	
Percent literate Male Population (Age 7 +)	81.5	81.6	-	_	
Percent literate Female Population (Age 7 +)	51.2	49.1	-	_	
Percent girls (age 6-11) attending Schools	98.8	98.7	-	-	
Percent boys (age 6-11) attending Schools	98.5	98.3	-	_	
Have Electricity connection (%)	19.7	12.8	10.9	3.6	
Have Access to toilet facility (%)	20.2	14.6	24.1	16.4	
Use piped drinking water (%)	1.0	0.8	4.0	3.7	
Use LPG for cooking (%)	8.4	2.3	10.5	3.6	
Live in a pucca house (%)	27.6	21.7	15.8	9.7	
Own a house (%)	95.9	95.5	-	-	
Have a BPL card (%)	31.0	34.3	-	-	
Own Agriculture Land (%)	49.6	50.8	-	_	
Have a television (%)	18.1	13.1	19.4	14.4	
Have a mobile phone (%)	21.8	18.4	-	-	
Have a Motorized Vehicle (%)	8.0	6.2	14.0	11.9	
Standard of Living Index					
Low (%)	78.8	83.9	70.1	76.9	
Medium (%)	11.3	11.4	21.5	19.4	
High (%)	9.9	4.7	8.4	3.7	
* Number of Females per 1000 Males				3	
				3	

DLHS-3

Bihar

District: Bhojpur

Bihar	DLHS-3		Dis	strict:	rict: Bhojpu	
Indicators		DLF	IS - 3	DL	HS - 2	
		Total	Rural	Total	Rural	
Marriage and Fertility, (Jan 2004 t	o 2007-08)					
Percentage of girl's marrying before completi	ng 18 years	48.1	49.5	57.9	61.8	
Percentage of Births of Order 3 and above		45.5	46.6	53.7	54.9	
Sex Ratio at birth		111	117	-	-	
Percentage of women age 20-24 reporting bir	rth of order 2 & above	70.4	71.3	-	-	
Percentage of births to women during age 15	-19 out of total births	19.1	19.4	-	-	
Family planning (currently marrie	d women, age 15-49)					
Current Use :						
Any Method (%)		35.3	33.8	34.4	32.1	
Any Modern method (%)		30.2	28.7	28.1	26.2	
Female Sterilization (%)		25.5	25.0	21.9	20.6	
Male Sterilization (%)		0.6	0.7	0.5	0.5	
IUD (%)		0.3	0.3	0.4	0.1	
Pill (%)		2.0	1.6	17.6	20.0	
Condom (%)		1.4	1.0	2.4	2.3	
Unmet Need for Family Planning:						
Total unmet need (%)		39.9	39.8	30.5	30.7	
For spacing (%)		17.7	17.4	11.9	12.0	
For limiting (%)		22.2	22.4	18.6	18.8	
Maternal Health:						
Mothers registered in the first trimester when birth/still birth (%)	they were pregnant with last live	21.9	18.8	-	-	
Mothers who had at least 3 Ante-Natal care v	risits during the last pregnancy (%)	17.2	15.0	22.1	20.5	
Mothers who got at least one TT injection what live birth / still birth (%)#	nen they were pregnant with their	39.5	36.8	39.8	37.0	
Institutional births (%)		40.4	38.9	35.2	32.3	
Delivery at home assisted by a doctor/nurse	/LHV/ANM (%)	12.5	13.5	16.0	15.6	
Mothers who received post natal care within child (%)	48 hours of delivery of their last	21.6	21.6	-	-	
Child Immunization and Vitamin	A supplementation:					
Children (12-23 months) fully immunized (Be Polio and Measles) (%)		31.2	32.6	34.1	29.8	
Children (12-23 months) who have received l	BCG (%)	69.9	71.7	50.4	50.4	
Children (12-23 months) who have received 3	3 doses of Polio Vaccine (%)	45.2	48.6	38.3	35.1	
Children (12-23 months) who have received 3	3 doses of DPT Vaccine (%)	47.0	48.7	38.7	35.9	
Children (12-23 months) who have received I	Measles Vaccine (%)	50.7	52.7	41.1	38.9	
# It is adjusted according to DLHS-3 definition	on					
					4	

Bihar	DLHS-3		Dist	rict:	Bhojpur
	Indicators	DLF	IS - 3	DLI	HS - 2
	indicators	Total	Rural	Total	Rural
Child Immuniza	tion and Vitamin A supplementation: (Contd)				
Children (9-35 month	s) who have received at least one dose of Vitamin A (%)	50.5	52.5	-	-
Children (above 21 m	onths) who have received three doses of Vitamin A (%)	10.3	10.4	-	-
Treatment of ch	ildhood diseases (children under 3 years based or	n last tw	o survivi	ng child	lren)
Children with Diarrho	oea in the last two weeks who received ORS (%)	34.7	34.3	4.2	0.0
Children with Diarrho	oea in the last two weeks who were given treatment (%)	63.4	63.3	61.7	62.7
Children with acute retreatment (%)	espiratory infection/fever in the last two weeks who were given	67.8	66.0	-	-
Children had check-up	within 24 hours after delivery (based on last live birth) (%)	25.0	25.1	-	-
Children had check-up	within 10 days after delivery (based on last live birth) (%)	24.5	23.9	-	-
Child feeding pr	actices (Children under 3 years)				
Children breastfed wi	thin one hour of birth (%)	20.1	20.0	-	-
Children (age 6 montl	ns above) exclusively breastfed (%)	35.3	34.3	-	-
Children (6-24 month (%).	s) who received solid or semisolid food and still being breastfed	91.9	92.3	-	-
Knowledge of H	IV/AIDS and RTI/STI among Ever married Wo	men (ag	ge 15-49)		
Women heard of HIV	7/AIDS (%)	40.9	38.5	28.1	24.2
Women who knew th HIV/AIDS (%)	at consistent condom use can reduce the chances of getting	45.8	42.0	29.3	27.6
Women having correct	et knowledge of HIV/ AIDS (%)	92.1	91.0	-	- 1
Women underwent te	st for detecting HIV/ AIDS (%)	1.6	1.6	-	-
Women heard of RTI	/STI (%)	35.5	34.4	97.3	97.4
Knowledge of H	IV/AIDS among Un-married Women (age 15-24))			
Women heard of HIV	V/AIDS (%)	57.2	49.7	-	-
Women who knew th HIV/AIDS (%)	at consistent condom use can reduce the chances of getting	27.9	29.2	-	-
Women having correct	ct knowledge of HIV/ AIDS (%)	94.2	92.4	-	-
Women underwent te	st for detecting HIV/ AIDS (%)	0.6	0.9	-	-
Women heard of RTI	/STI (%)	25.0	24.2	-	-
Women facilitate	ed/motivated by ASHA for				
Ante-natal Care (%)		1.0	1.2	-	-
Delivery at Health Fa	cility (%)	1.4	1.6	-	-
Use of Family Plannin	ng Methods (%)	0.5	0.6	-	-
					5

Bihar	DLHS-3	District:	Bhojpur
Village (N=43)			
	Indicators		Number
Villages that have implem	nented Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY)		23
Villages with Health & Sa	nitation Committee		5
Villages with Rogi Kalyan	Samiti (RKS)		2
Villages where PRI aware	of untied fund by Government		1
Health facility within villa	ge-ICDS (Anganwadi)		40
If health facility is not in t (Anganwadi)	the village, whether accessible to the nearest health facility throughou	at the year-ICDS	2
Health facility within villa	9		18
If health facility is not in t Centre	the village, whether accessible to the nearest health facility throughou	it the year-Sub-	15
Health facility within villa	ge- PHC	la de la companya de	4
If health facility is not in t	the village, whether accessible to the nearest health facility throughou	at the year-PHC	29
Health facility within village- Block PHC			
If health facility is not in t PHC	the village, whether accessible to the nearest health facility throughou	at the year-Block	30
Health facility within villa	ge- Govt. Dispensary		0
If health facility is not in the village, whether accessible to the nearest health facility throughout the year- Government. Dispensary			
Health facility within village- Private Clinic			
If health facility is not in the village, whether accessible to the nearest health facility throughout the year-Private Clinic			
Health facility within village- AYUSH Health Facility			
If health facility is not in the village, whether accessible to the nearest health facility throughout the year-AYUSH Health Facility			21
Facility Survey			
Indicato	ors Number Indicato	ors	Number
Community Health	Centre (CHC) $N = 1$		

Facility Survey				
Indicators	Number	Indicators	Number	
Community Health Centre (CHC) N = 1				
Infrastructure:		Performance:		
CHC having Personal Computer	0	In-patients admission in last one month	96	
CHC having Operation Theatre	1	Referred cases for serious ailments from CHC to higher centre during last one month	0	
CHC having Labour Room	1	Deliveries performed in last one month	96	
CHC having Blood Storage Facility	0	Blood transfusion done in last one month	0	
CHC having large deep freezer	0	Sterilization conducted in last one month	46	
CHC prepared a CHC plan for the current year	1			
CHC having water supply for 24 hours	1			
CHC having Ambulance on road	0			
			6	

Bihar	DLHS	District	Bhojpur
Facility Survey			
Indicators	Number	Indicators	Number
Community Health Centre (CHC) (Co	ontd)		
Human Resource:		Supply:	
CHC having General Surgeon	0	CHC with 24 hours normal delivery services	1
CHC having Obstetrician/ Gynecologist	1	CHC with 24 hours New born care	0
M.O. received training of Non-Scalpel Vasectomy (NSV) during last five years	1	CHC recognized as Integrated Counseling and Testing Centre (ICTC)	0
M.O. received training for Prevention, Care and Support for HIV/AIDS during last five years	2		
M.O. received training of basic Emergency Obstetric Care during last five years	0		
M.O. received training of Integrated Management of Neonatal and Childhood illness during last five years	0		
Primary Health Centre (PHC) N= 17			
Infrastructure:		Performance:	
PHC having Residential Quarter for Medical Officer	9	Haemoglobin tests (TLC/DLC) conducted during last one month	0
PHC having separate Labour Room	7	Blood smear examinations for malaria parasite conducted during last one month	0
PHC having Personal Computer	5	In-patient admissions during last one month	1,485
PHC having Normal Delivery Kit	9	Referral cases for serious ailments from PHC to higher centres during last one month	294
PHC having Large Deep Freezer	2	Deliveries performed during last one month	2,458
PHC having regular water supply	16	Beneficiaries of JSY during last one month	1,207
PHC having Neonatal Warmer (Incubator)	3	Women provided with post-natal care services during last one month	1,427
PHC having Operation Theater with Boyles Apparatus	3	New born care provided during last one month	1,451
PHC having Operation Theater with anaesthetic medicine	5	Infants and children immunized during last one month	7,542
		Condoms distributed during last one month	1,828
		PHC prepared the PHC plan for current year	11
			7

Bihar	DLHS	-3 District	: Bhojpur
Facility Survey			
Indicators	Number	Indicators	Number
Primary Health Centre (PHC) (Contd.)		
Human Resource :		Supply:	
PHC having Lady Medical Officer (LMO)	7	PHC that received the untied fund in previous financial year	13
PHC having Laboratory Technician	6		
PHC organized any training programme in their PHC during last year	15		
PHC having at least one MO, who received Integrated Skill Development Training for 12 days during last five years	7		
PHC having at least one MO, who received IMNCI training during last five years	4		
Sub Centre (SC) N = 36			
Infrastructure:		Performance :	
Sub Centre located in government building	14	Number of Infants and children immunized	2,567
Sub Centre having communication facility	0		
Sub Centre having separate labour room	3		
ANM staying in Sub Centre village	7		
Sub Centre having staff quarter for ANM	7		
Sub Centre having regular water supply	23		
Human Resource:		Supply:	
Sub Centre where Male Health Worker in position	6	Sub-Centre having auto-disposable syringes	27
ANM had Integrated Skill Development Training in last 5 years	19	Sub-Centre reporting IFA tablets out of stock for more than 10 days during last one month	20
ANM ever been trained in Integrated Skill Development Training	29	Sub-Centre reporting Vitamin A out of stock for more than 10 days during last one month	8
ANM trained in integrated management of neonatal and childhood Illnesses (IMNCI) in last 5 years	11	Sub-Centre reporting ORS packets out of stock for more than 10 days during last one month	30
ANM ever been trained in integrated management of neonatal and childhood Illnesses (IMNCI)	12	Sub-Centre that received untied fund in previous financial year	30

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ANM who attended Skilled birth attendant (SBA)

training

Performance at a Glance











